LAUDABLE INFRASTRUCTURE LLP

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH,2020

		31.03.2020		31.03.2019	
	SCHEDULE	RUPEES	RUPEES	RUPEES	RUPEES
SOURCES OF FUNDS:					
Partners Capital	4		3,803,603		3,933,025
Unsecured Loans	5		349,596,380		335,714,232
			353,399,983		339,647,257
APPLICATION OF FUNDS:					
Current Assets (A)					
Cash And Bank Balances	6	461,878		100,704	
Loans And Advances	7	357,689,884		344,356,880	
Work In Progress	8	729,500		729,500	
Total Current Assets		358,881,262		345,187,084	
Current Liabilities (B)	9	5,481,279		5,539,827	
Net Current Assets (A - B)			353,399,983		339,647,257
			353,399,983		339,647,257

As Per Our Report Of Even Date

For V. PAREKH & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Registration No. 107488W For LAUDABLE INFRASTRUCTURE LLP

DESIGNATED PARTNER

Sanjay C Ajmera

Dhaval R Ajmera

DESIGNATED PARTNER

RASESH V. PAREKH PARTNER

Membershipno.38615

UDIN:20038615AAAAGK3848

Place : Mumbai Place: Mumbai

Date: 13th July 2020 **Date: 13th July 2020**

LAUDABLE INFRASTRUCTURE LLP

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARH, 2020

	SCHEDULE	Rupees 31.03.2020	Rupees 31.03.2019
Income		-	873,145
Total Income	-	-	873,145
<u>EXPENDITURE</u>			
Audit Fees		10,000	5,000
Bank Charges		825	1,415
Filing Fees		-	309
Miscellaneous Expenses		118,597	-
Total Expenses	<u> </u>	129,422	6,724
Income /(Loss) over expenditure		(129,422)	866,421
Less : Provision for Tax on Net Income		-	259,926
Balance Transfered To Partners Capital	-	(129,422)	606,495

As Per Our Report Of Even Date

For V. PAREKH & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Registration No. 107488W For LAUDABLE INFRASTRUCTURE LLP

Dhaval R Ajmera

DESIGNATED PARTNER

RASESH V. PAREKH PARTNER

Membershipno.38615

UDIN:20038615AAAAGK3848

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13th July 2020

DESIGNATED PARTNER

Sanjay C Ajmera

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13th July 2020

LAUDABLE INFRASTRUCTURE LLP CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH,2020

Doutionlose	31st March,2020	31st March, 2019	
Particulars	AMOUNT IN Rs	AMOUNT IN Rs	
Cash Flow From Operating Activities			
Profit before tax	(129,422)	606,495	
Operating profit before working capital changes	(129,422)	606,495	
Movements in working capital:			
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(58,548)	858,520	
Cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	(187,970)	1,465,015	
Direct taxes paid			
Net cash flow from/(used in) operating activities (A)	(187,970)	1,465,015	
Cook flow from Financing Activities			
Cash flow from Financing Activities:	12 002 140	(12 201 000)	
Increase/(decrease) in Unsecured Loans	13,882,148	(12,291,989)	
Decrease/(increase) in long term loans and advances	(13,333,004)	10,700,654	
Net cash flow from/(used in) financing activities (C)	549,144	(1,591,335)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A)+(I	361,174	(126,320)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	100,704	227,023	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year #	461,877	100,704	
Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the	year		
Cash and cash equivalents as per Cash Flow	461,877	100,704	
Add: Other Bank balance			
Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet	461,878	100,704	

For V. PAREKH & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Registration No. 107488W

For LAUDABLE INFRASTRUCTURE LLP

RASESH V. PAREKH PARTNER

Membershipno.38615

UDIN:20038615AAAAGK3848

Place : Mumbai Date : 13th July 2020 Sanjay C Ajmera DESIGNATED PARTNER

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Place : Mumbai Date : 13th July 2020 Dhaval R Ajmera DESIGNATED PARTNER

Laudable Infrastructure LLP

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Background

Laudable Infrastructure LLP (the 'LLP') is a limited liability partnership incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008. The LLP engaged in business of Real Estate.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of Preparation:

The Financial Statements of Laudable Infrastructure LLP ('the LLP') have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP) and comply in all material aspects with the Accounting Standards issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). The Financial Statement have been prepared on accrual basis and under historical cost convention.

b) Use of estimates:

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, as at the date of year end. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future year affected.

c) Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is recognised based on Certain Percentage derived upon the stages of Project. Other Income is recognised as and when accrued or realised whichever is earlier.

d) Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount of asset or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the LLP and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which they are incurred. Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of assets are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognized as property, plant and equipment if they are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others or for administrative purposes and are expected to be used during more than one year.

e) Capital work-in-progress

Projects under which Property Plant and Equipment are not yet ready for their intended use are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

f) Depreciation and amortization

- i) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on the straight-line method over the useful lives of assets.
- ii) Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis from the date of acquisition/ installation till the date the assets are sold or disposed of.
- iii) Machinery spares which are capitalized are depreciated over the useful life of the elated Property, Plant and Equipment. The written down value of such spares is charged in the Statement of Profit and Loss, on issue for consumption.
- iv) Depreciation and amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually, including at each financial year end

g) Impairment of Property Plant and Equipment

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to assets if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/ external factors. An impairment loss on such assessment is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the assets is net selling price or value in use, whichever is higher. While assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to the present value by using weighted average cost of capital. A previously recognized impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changed in the circumstances and to the extent that carrying amount of the assets does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had previously been recognized.

h) Foreign currency transactions

Initial recognition:

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are accounted by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Subsequent recognition:

As at the reporting date, non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. All non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.

All monetary assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of the Balance Sheet. Gains and losses arising on account of differences in foreign exchange rates on settlement/ transaction of monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

i) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions: Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying benefits will be required

to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date and are not discounted to its present value.

Contingent liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the LLP or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made

j) Taxes on income

Tax expense for the year, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the year. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the taxation laws prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Deferred tax is recognized for all the timing differences, subject to the construction of prudence in respect of deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets are recognized and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. However, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward loss, the deferred tax assets is recognized and carried forward only to the extent that there is a virtual certainty that the assets will be realized in future. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measure using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance sheet date. In situations, where the LLP has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses under tax laws, all deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits. At each Balance sheet date, the LLP reassesses unrecognized deferred tax assets, if any.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws

k) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the tenure of the borrowing. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilized for qualifying assets, pertaining to the year from commencement of activities relating to construction/ development of the qualifying asset upto the date of capitalization of such assets are added to the cost of the assets. Capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand drafts with bank and other short-term (with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in values.

m) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/ loss before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the LLP are segregated based on the available information.

n) Investment

Investments that are intended to be held for more than a year, from the date of acquisition, are classified as long-term investments and are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value of investments is made to recognize a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investments.

o) Leases

Lease arrangements where the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an assets substantially vest with the lessor are recognized as operating leases. Lease rental under operating leases are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss on a Straight-line basis over thelease term

3. NOTES TO ACCOUNTS

i. Contingent liability

Contingent Liabilities as on 31st March, 2020 is NIL (Previous Year Nil).

ii. Capital and other commitments

Estimated amount of contracts (net of advances) remaining to be executed on capital and other account and not provided for is Rs.Nil/- (Previous Year Nil).

iii. Foreign exchange fluctuations

The amount of foreign exchange fluctuation loss debited to the statement of profit and loss amounted to Rs. Nil/- (Previous Year Nil).

iv. Foreign exchange fluctuations

The amount of foreign exchange fluctuation loss debited to the statement of profit and loss amounted to Rs. Nil/- (Previous Year Nil).

v. Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED act, 2006.

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
a) Principal outstanding at the end of the year	NIL	NIL
Interest outstanding at the end of the year	NIL	NIL

- b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year is Rs. NIL (Previous Year Rs. NIL).
- c) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is Rs. NIL (Previous Year Rs. NIL).
- d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting year is Rs. NIL (Previous Year Rs. NIL).
- e) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is Rs. NIL (Previous Year Rs. NIL).
- f) The above information takes into account only those suppliers who have responded to inquiries made by the Company for this purpose.

vi. Debit and Credit Balances

The Balance in Debtors, Creditors and Advances accounts are subject to confirmation and reconciliation, if any. However as per management representation no material impact on financial statements out of such reconciliation is anticipated.

In the opinion of the Board, the Current Assets, Loans and Advances have a value on realization, which in the ordinary course of business would be at least equal to the amount at which they have been stated in the Balance Sheet.

vii. Previous year figures

Previous year figures has been re-classified as per the current year classifications.

As per our report of even date For V PAREKH & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Reg. No. 107488W

For & on behalf Laudable Infrastructure LLP

RASESH V. PAREKH - PARTNER

Membership No. 38615

UDIN: -20038615AAAAGK3848

Place: - Mumbai Date: - 13th July 2020 Sanjay C Ajmera

Partner

Place: - Mumbai Date: - 13th July 2020 Dhaval R Ajmera

Partner

LAUDABLE INFRASTRUCTURE LLP (2019-2020)

SCHEDULE: 4

PARTNERS CAPITAL ACCOUNT AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2020

NAME OF THE PARTNERS	04	BALANCE AS ON	ADDITIONS DURING	PROFIT/(LOSS)	WITHDRAWALS	BALANCE AS ON
	%	01.04.2019	THE YEAR	FOR THE YEAR		31.03.2020
Shri.Sanjay C Ajmera	3.15	123890	0	(4,077)	-	119,813
Shri. Dhaval R Ajmera	2.70	106192	0	(3,494)	-	102,697
Shri. Manoj I Ajmera	2.10	82594	0	(2,718)	-	79,876
Shri. Rupal M Ajmera	2.10	82594	0	(2,718)	-	79,876
Shri. Mona B Ajmera	2.30	90460	0	(2,977)	-	87,483
Shri. Atul C Ajmera	3.15	123890	0	(4,077)	-	119,813
Shri. Kokila S Ajmera	2.10	82594	0	(2,718)	-	79,876
Shri. Bharti R Ajmera	5.10	200584	0	(6,601)	-	193,984
Shri. Twishal N Ajmera	2.70	106192	0	(3,494)	-	102,697
Shri. Ashwin B Ajmera	2.30	90460	0	(2,977)	-	87,483
Shri. Jigar S Ajmera	2.30	90460	0	(2,977)	-	87,483
Shri. Bandish B Ajmera (On Behaf of						
Ajmera Realty & infra India Limited)	70.00	2753117	0	(90,596)	-	2,662,522
TOTAL	100.00	3933025	0	(129,422)	-	3,803,603

LAUDABLE INFRASTRUCTURE LLP

SCHEDULES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2020

PARTICULARS	Rupees 31.03.2020	Rupees 31.03.2019
SCHEDULE: "4" PARTNER'S CAPITAL	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
Partner's Capital	3,933,025	3,326,530
Add Share of Profit	(129,422)	606,495
Add Share of Front	3,803,603	3,933,025
	3,003,003	3,733,023
SCHEDULE: "5" UNSECURED LOANS		
From Holding Company	269,896,380	256,014,232
From Related Party	79,700,000	79,700,000
·	349,596,380	335,714,232
SCHEDULE: "6" CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
Balance with Scheduled Banks in Current Account		
Dena Bank Mainsh Nagar	391,137	29,962
HDFC Bank Limited	70,741	70,741
	461,878	100,704
SCHEDULE: "7" LOANS & ADVANCES		
(unsecured considered good)		
Advance recoverable in cash or kind from Related Parties	321,385,880	343,456,880
Other advances	36,304,000	900,000
Income Tax (Net)	4	
	357,689,884	344,356,880
SCHEDULE: "8" WORK IN PROGRESS	337,009,004	344,330,000
Opening Work In Progress	729,500	729,500
Add: Transfered During The Year	-	-
Closing Work in progress	729,500	729,500
	·	
SCHEDULE: "9" CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Other Current Liabilities	-	-
Audit Fees Payable	20,000	10,000
Other Financial Liabilities	5,461,279	5,461,279
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		68,549
	5,481,279	5,539,828